

#### Patient Information

# **CT guided lung biopsy aftercare**

### Introduction

This leaflet gives you information about aftercare following your CT lung biopsy.

### What to expect after your biopsy

You can eat and drink normally after your CT scan. We recommend that you drink plenty of fluids for the next 2 to 3 days.

If you were asked to stopped taking your blood-thinning medication for the procedure, you can start taking them again the day after the CT lung biopsy.

The results of the CT scan will be sent to the doctor who requested the test. The doctor will contact you to arrange a follow-up appointment.

If you experience any of the possible complications listed on the next page, it is important that you follow the advice given in the 'Actions to take column'.

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Radiology

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### Possible complications

| What to look for  | Possible complications                          | Frequency  | Actions to take   |
|---|---|------------|---|
| Bruising  |   | Common     | Simple pain relief  |
| Swelling and<br>pain around<br>the site of the<br>biopsy                | Haematoma                                       | Rare       | Apply a cold compress<br>such as an ice pack<br>wrapped in a tea towel.<br>Take simple pain relief<br>such as paracetamol to<br>relieve any pain. If the<br>swelling or pain does<br>not improve over the<br>next few days telephone<br>the Radiology Nurses. |
| Breathlessne<br>ss or severe<br>chest pain                              | Pneumothorax<br>(leakage of air<br>around lung) | Infrequent | Attend the nearest<br>Emergency Department<br>straight away   |
| Swelling over<br>the biopsy<br>site with<br>redness,<br>fever or chills | Infection of the biopsy site                    | Rare       | During working hours,<br>telephone the Radiology<br>Nurses for advice. Out<br>of hours call NHS 111.<br><b>Do not ignore this</b><br>symptom  |
| Coughing up<br>a small<br>amount of<br>blood                            | Blood in your<br>spittle or<br>mucous           | Uncommon   | This should settle over 2 to 3 days.  |

If you experience any other symptoms, please contact your GP for advice.

### **Contact information**

If you have any questions, please contact the Radiology Nurses.

#### **Radiology Nurses**

Tel: 0300 422 6245 Monday to Friday, 8:00am to 6:00pm

Alternatively, you can you contact your GP or NHS 111 for advice.

NHS 111 Tel: 111

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## Making a choice

## **Shared Decision Making**

If you are asked to make a choice, you may have lots of questions that you want to ask. You may also want to talk over your options with your family or friends. It can help to write a list of the questions you want answered and take it to your appointment.

# Ask 3 Questions

To begin with, try to make sure you get the answers to three key questions if you are asked to make a choice about your healthcare.

- 1. What are my options?
- 2. What are the pros and cons of each option for me?
- 3. How do I get support to help me make a decision that is right for me?

urces have been adapted with kind pe sion from the MAGIC Programme, supported by the Health Foundatio Ask 3 Questions is based on Shepherd HL, et al. Three question Patient Education and Counselling, 2011;84: 379-85



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