



Gloucestershire Safety and Quality Improvement Academy 2025

Tackling Tobacco Dependency: Increasing the 28 day smoking quit rates in AMU post discharge

Sneha Thomas, Tom Lane

Gloucestershire Hospitals **NHS Foundation Trust**

Background:

- Prior to the QI initiative, 28-day smoking quit rates post-discharge from the AMU were suboptimal, highlighting a gap in effective smoking cessation support.
- Low quit rates contribute to poorer patient outcomes, increased risk of readmissions, and added strain on NHS resources.
- Improving quit rates aligns with the NHS Long Term Plan by supporting prevention, reducing harm, and promoting healthier lifestyles.

Measures:

- > Outcome: % of 28 day quits obtained during follow up calls.
- > Process:
- No of patients who answered the 28-day follow up calls.
- Three weekly VBA sessions delivered on a weekly basis over an 8 week period.
- > Balancing: Increase in admin work for making x3 calls at different points on the same day.

PDSA cycles:

- >PDSA cycle 1 (June 24- Jan 25): Increase the frequency by which we contact patients which is supplemented with SMS and voice mails. Patient's preferred contact number/time is also taken into account.
- >PDSA cycle 2 (Feb 25- March 25): Delivering VBA sessions and education around Trust smokefree policy.
- >PDSA cycle 3 (April 25- May 25): Intensive behavioural support interventions with CO monitoring and NRT dummy products.

Barriers and Challenges:

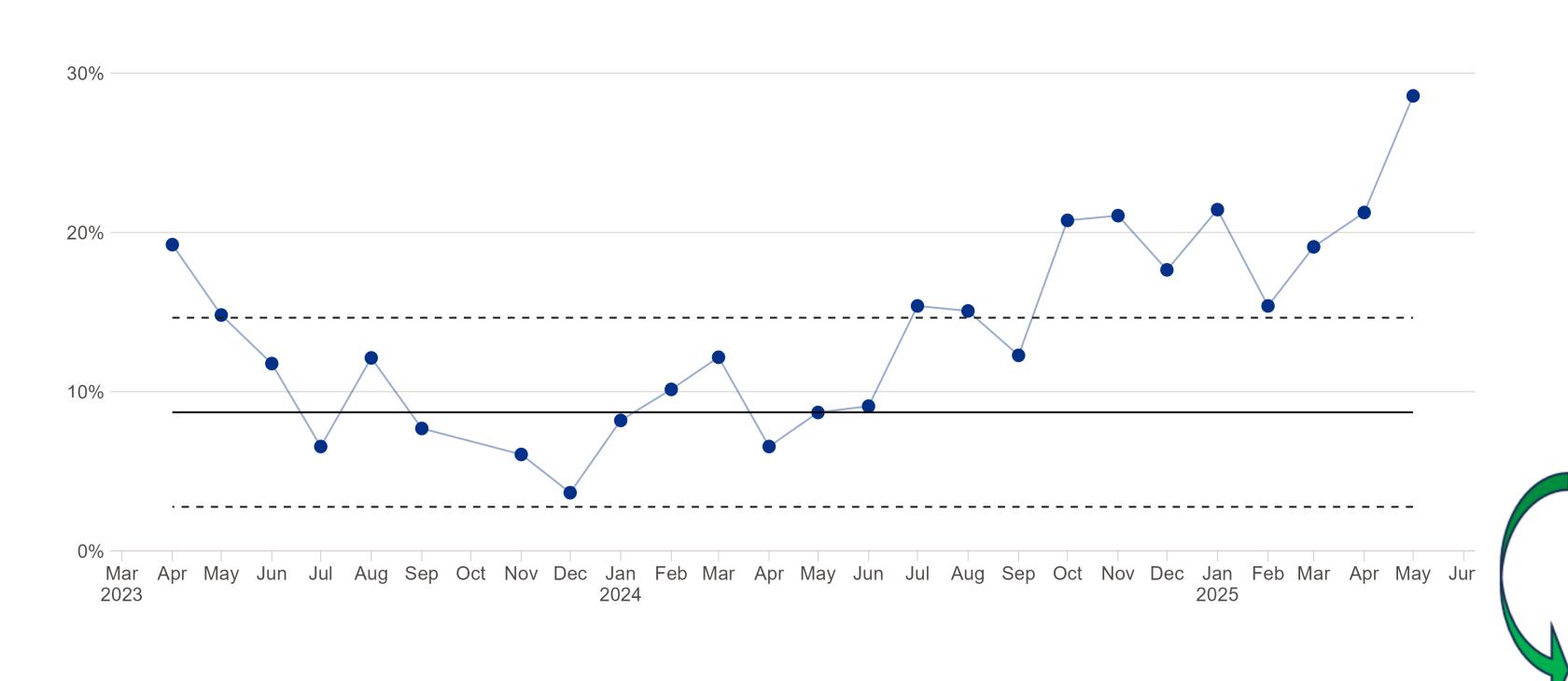
- Staff absence
- Staff recruitment & training delay
- Work load time consumed to call patients(x3 attempts)
- delay with starting the 2nd &3rd PDSA cycles
- Ward/Environment staff not turning up for training
- > Patients not available not responding to calls
- Lost to follow up calls

Aim:

- S To increase the 28 day quit rates in AMU post discharge.
- M Quit outcomes measured through follow up calls & monitored through EPR with BI team support.
- A Achievable, as the QI initiative is focused on AMU- ward with more # of smokers and less quit rates.
- R Relevant, as it helps patients in adopting healthier lifestyles and contribute to patient safety.
- T Baseline data is 10%. Increase in quit rates by 5% within 12 months.

Measurement and Key results:

Proportion of smokers confirmed quit at 28 days Quits include with or without NRT



We met our project aim. The baseline quit data was 10 % and the quit rates increased to 20 % after the first PDSA cycle with a further 7% improvement following the 3rd PDSA cycle.

Driver Diagram

Aim:

improve 28 day

5% in 12

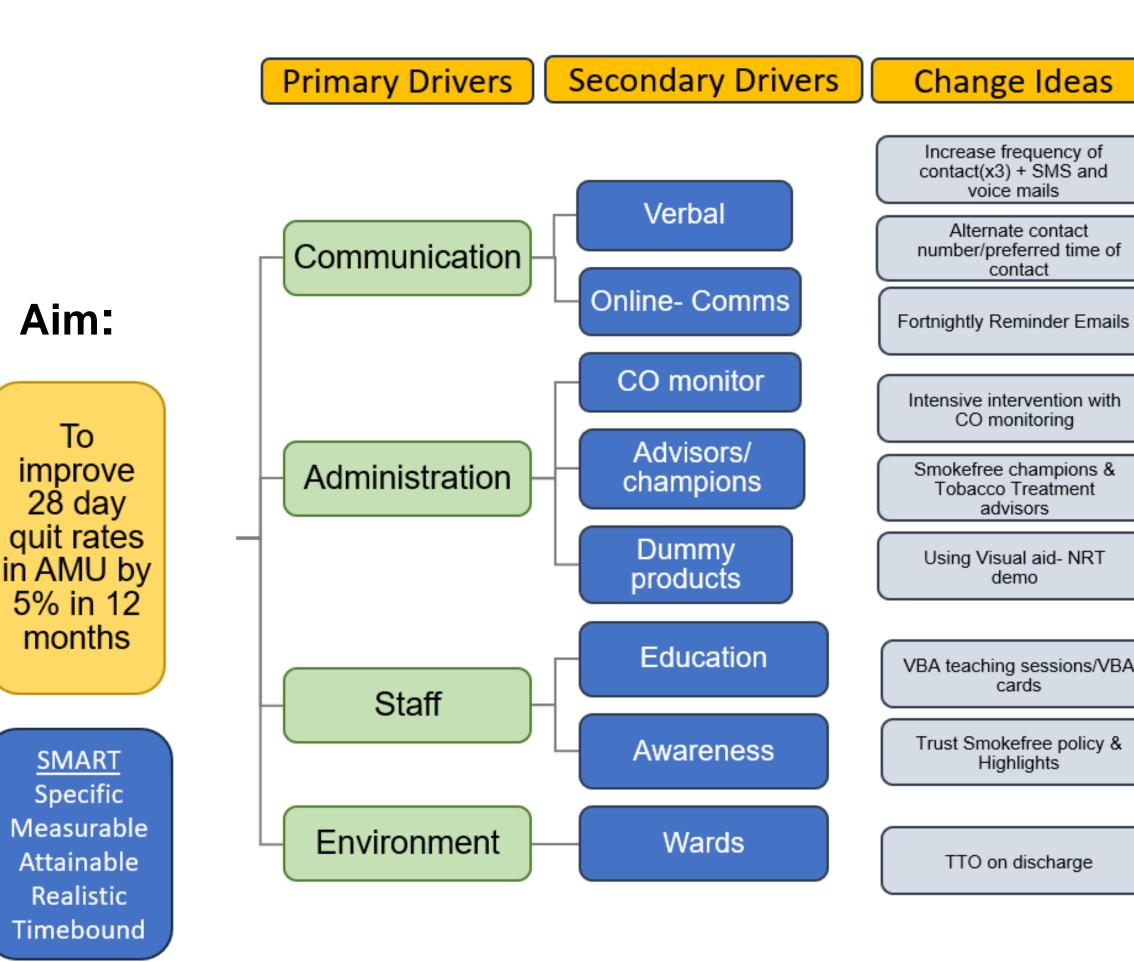
SMART Specific

Measurable

Attainable

Realistic

Timebound



Next Steps:

- >The outcomes from our PDSA cycles were encouraging, and we are now focused on ensuring these improvements are maintained over time.
- >Expand this work across other areas of the Trust, with the first and third PDSA cycles already underway in additional wards.
- >Explore options to offer training sessions outside of standard working hours to further support staff engagement and sustainability.
- Collect feedback from patients and share a case story on comms.
- >Share quit rates achievements on the smoking cessation newsletter.
- Quick road shows with staff to educate around the Trust smokefree policy
- >Explore new training opportunities for the team around MI specifically.