# **#PatientSafety #GHNHSFT** #GlosOralSurg #J2O #GHTFest19



# Development of Outpatient 'LocSSIPs' for the Oral & Maxillofacial Department—the Gloucestershire Experience

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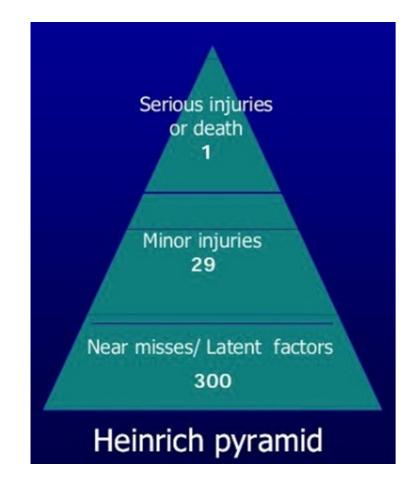
#### 1) Background

- "Medicine used to be simple, ineffective and relatively safe. It is now complex, effective and potentially dangerous" - Sir Cyril Chantler 1998
- Medical error may be the 3rd largest cause of death in the US
- Medical error can result in a significant and long-lasting impact on emotional & physical health and long-lasting loss of trust in healthcare (1)
- 'Wrong tooth extraction' = 6-9% of all 'Never Events' in the UK (2)
- 'Wrong tooth extraction' = 20-25% of **all** 'Wrong-site Never Events' in the UK (2)

#### 2) How can we make patient care safer?

A direct relation exists between

- 'Major Incidents / Never Events' & 'Minor Incidents / Near-Misses'
- For every 1'Never Event' there will be 300 'Near-Misses'
- If we record, analyse & learn from the 'Near-Misses' we can hopefully prevent the 'Never Events'



'Safe systems should be designed considering "Human Factors" to reduce error towards zero' (3)

'System process analysis should be undertaken with a view to mitigating human factors by 'Standardising, educating & harmonising' patient care episodes (4)

'Near-Misses' offer learning opportunities in the absence of actual harm

#### 3) Reducing Error - 'Safety Standards'

2009 World Health Organisation (WHO): Introduction of 'Surgical Safety Checklist'

- Reduction in mortality and in-patient complication rates observed
- Now standard in all UK operating theatres
- Proven to reduce error in both surgery & dentistry (5)

But also need

- Right culture & strong leadership in patient safety
- Standardised processes and evaluation & sharing of lessons learnt
- Empowered team & staff feedback

2015 NHS England publishes 'NatSSIPs' guidance to address these very issues

- National Safety Standards for Invasive Procedures
- Based on 'Francis' & 'Berwick' Reports
- Aim to reduce patient safety incidents by enhancing the WHO process
- Based on analysis of 'Never Events', 'Serious Incidents' & 'Near-Misses'
- Covers all 'invasive procedures' out with the operating theatre
- Local speciality teams to develop Local Safety Standard (LocSSIP) based on audit, checklists & error reporting

### 4) We developed a 'Local Safety Standard'

Standardised documentation

Pre & post-list team safety briefing & patient specific surgical safety checklist

Patient Safety Incident Trigger List (in addition to existing Datix system)

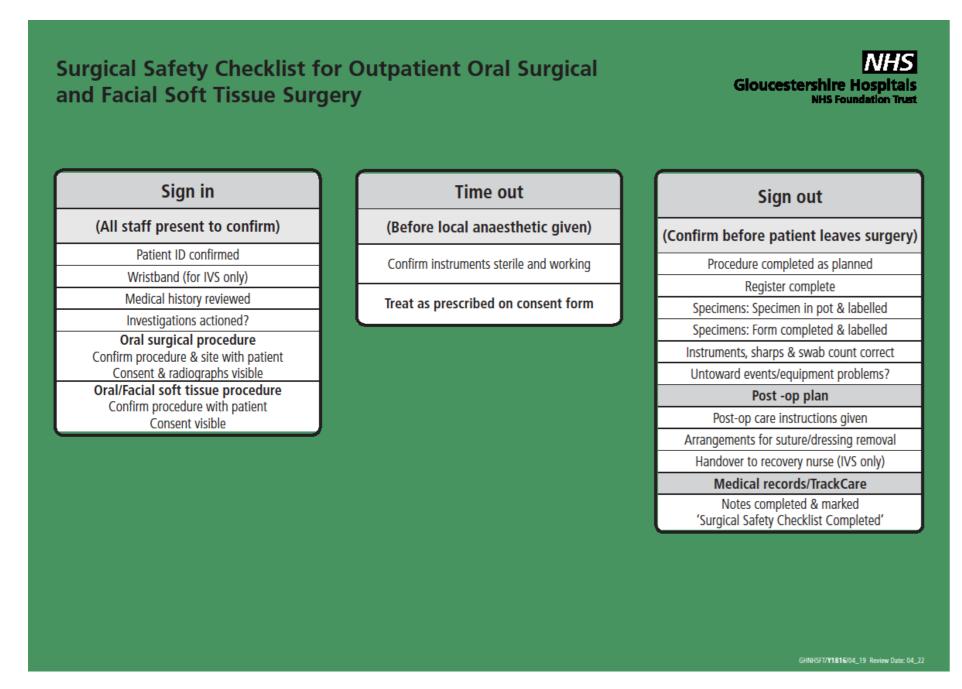
Bespoke data collection form accessible to all OMFS team on 'SharePoint'

⇒ Workforce / List Management Policy

Safe staffing levels & standardised booking process established

Change of practice staff survey performed

## 5) OMFS Surgical Safety Checklist



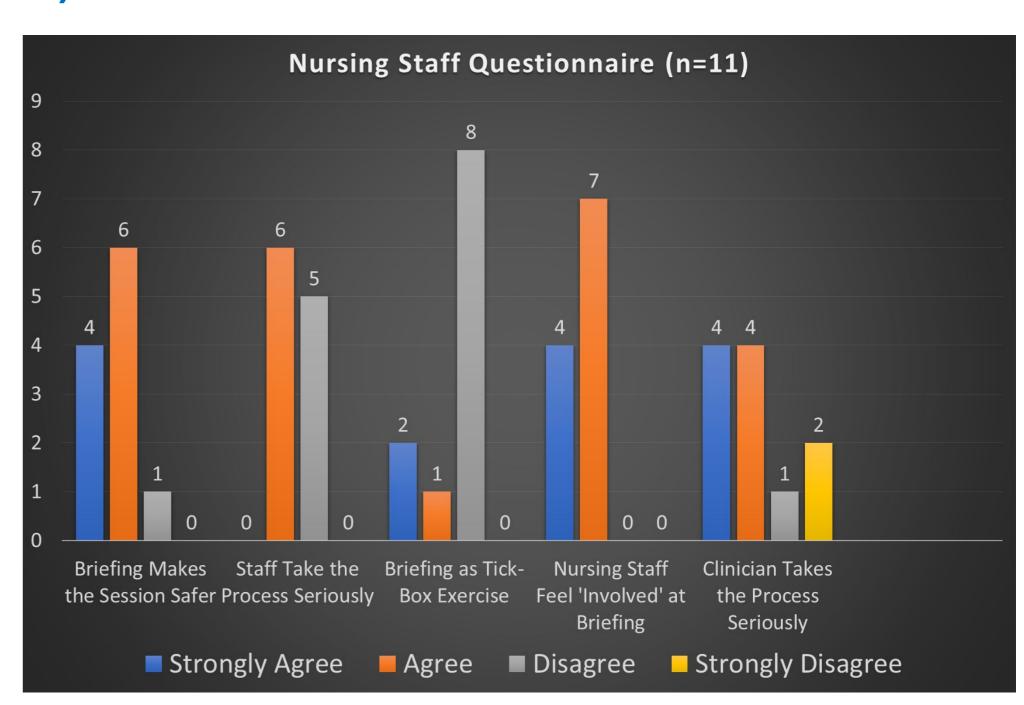
## 7) Conclusions

'To err is human, to cover up is unforgivable & failure to learn is inexcusable' - Sir Liam Donaldson Chief Medical Officer 1998-2010

We have implemented a significant change in team practice

- Majority of nursing staff feel that the 'Safety Briefing' has made the session safer
- Work still required to engage those who do not see the benefits of the process
- Some staff still feel this is a 'box-ticking exercise' & ongoing staff involvement will be needed to address this & highlight process benefits

#### 6) Staff Feedback



- Patients approve of adopting existing theatre safety checks to outpatient clinics
- No 'Never Events' reported so far (Jan 2018 on)
- Summary patient safety issues discussed at departmental QI meetings
- We would strongly encourage all specialities to develop their own 'LocSSIPs' to improve patient safety & boost team interaction

Refs

1) www.betsylehmancenterma.gov 2) Pemberton et al. BJOMS. 2017.187-188 3) Nolan MBJ 2000 5) Haynes et al. NEJM 2009 & Bailey et al BMC Oral Health 2015 4) NHS Eng 2014